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# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

## 1.1 Product identifier

Trade name

# Hacoplast (all types) with plasticizer SAIB / Category 1

# 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

## Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture

Industrial Nitrocellulose is used as a binder and or film former in the manufacture of coatings, cosmetics, inks, paints and personal care items.

## Uses advised against

No data available.

## 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

#### **Address**

HAGEDORN-NC GmbH Rheiner Landstraße 195 A 49078 D-Osnabrück

Telephone no. +49 (0) 541 94044-0 Fax no. +49 (0) 541 94044-43 e-mail hagedorn@hagedorn.de

## Information provided by / telephone

Labor Werk Lingen +49 (0) 591 9148-22; E-Mail: labor@hagedorn.de

#### **Advice on Safety Data Sheet**

sdb info@umco.de

## 1.4 Emergency telephone number

For medical advice (in German and English): +49 (0)551 192 40 (Giftinformationszentrum Nord)

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

# Classification in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Desen. Expl. 1; H206

## **Classification information**

This product is assessed and classified using the methods and criteria below referred to in Article 9 of Regulation (EC) n° 1272/2008:

Physical hazards: determined through assessment data based on the methods or standards referred to in part 2 of Annex I to CLP

Health hazards and environmental hazards: determined through toxicological and ecotoxicological assessment data based on the methods or standards referred to in Part 3, 4 and 5 of Annex I to CLP.

# 2.2 Label elements

# Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP Regulation)

## **Hazard pictograms**



## Signal word

Danger

# Hazard statement(s)

H206

Fire, blast or projection hazard; increased risk of explosion if desensitising agent is reduced.



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#### Precautionary statement(s)

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smokina.

P212 Avoid heating under confinement or reduction of the desensitising agent.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P370+P380+P375 In case of fire: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use water to extinguish.

## 2.3 Other hazards

Heating Industrial NC under confinement may lead to an explosion. Therefore Industrial NC products must never be heated under confinement. Nitrocellulose can be ignited by flame, heat, shock, impact, friction, sparks or static electricity. In cases of fire and decomposition of nitrocellulose, toxic gases may be produced in some circumstances (See section 5).

Nitrocellulose decomposes in contact with strong acids and strong alkalis.

PBT assessment No data available.

vPvB assessment No data available.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

## 3.1 Substances

Not applicable. The product is not a substance.

## 3.2 Mixtures

# **Chemical characterization**

mixture of nitrocellulose with plasticizer

### Hazardous ingredients

No	Substance name		Additi	onal information	n	
	CAS / EC / Index /	Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	Conce	entration		%
	REACH no					
1	cellulose nitrate (<	12.6% N)				
	9004-70-0	Expl. 1.1; H201	>=	70.00 - <	90.00	wt%
	-					
	603-037-00-6					
	-					
2	ethyl-acetate					
	141-78-6	EUH066	<	5.00		wt%
	205-500-4	Eye Irrit. 2; H319				
	607-022-00-5	Flam. Liq. 2; H225				
	01-2119475103-46	STOT SE 3; H336				

Full Text for all H-phrases and EUH-phrases: pls. see section 16

No	Note	Specific concentration limits	M-factor (acute)	M-factor (chronic)
1	T	-	-	-

Full text for the notes: pls. see section 16 "Notes relating to the identification, classification and labelling of substances ((EC) No 1272/2008, Annex VI)".

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

## 4.1 Description of first aid measures

## **General information**

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes immediately, and launder thoroughly before reusing. In case of persisting adverse effects, consult a physician.

#### After inhalation

Remove affected persons from dangerous area by observing suitable respiratory protection measures. Ensure supply of fresh air. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. Call a doctor immediately.



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#### After skin contact

Instantly wash with copious amounts of water.

#### After eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Rinse eye thoroughly under running water keeping eyelids wide open and protecting the unaffected eye (at least 10 to 15 minutes). Begin with medical treatment.

## After ingestion

Rinse the mouth thoroughly with water. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Seek medical attention.

## 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### **Symptoms**

Exposure to vapours or materials of combustion may give rise to headache, dizziness, drowsiness, nausea and delayed breathing difficulties. Eye pain redness, tearing, swelling of eyelids, itching. Prolonged skin contact may result in irritation.

# 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If breathing is difficult or patient show signs of lack of consciousness, seek immediate medical assistance.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

## 5.1 Extinguishing media

## Suitable extinguishing media

Burning nitrocellulose can only be extinguished by large quantities of water applied as mist or spray.

## Unsuitable extinguishing media

Sand, CO2, foam or dry powder will NOT extinguish burning nitrocellulose and must not be used.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Burning nitrocellulose may produce toxic fumes in some circumstances. The fumes may contain nitrous gases if there is insufficient oxygen for combustion.

After the fire is extinguished, material may be unstable, could reignite or produce toxic fumes. Therefore ensure that residual material is thoroughly wetted with water.

# 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Evacuate the area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of an explosion.

Fire-fighters must work from the windward side and should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus to protect against potentially toxic and irritating fumes.

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

# For non-emergency personnel

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not inhale vapours. Keep away from ignition sources.

### For emergency responders

Personal protective equipment (PPE) - see section 8.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not discharge into the drains/surface waters/groundwater.

## 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Spilled nitrocellulose must be thoroughly wetted with plenty of water, swept up carefully and kept in tightly closed watertight container, see section 13. Use tools that do not produce sparks, see section 7.

# 6.4 Reference to other sections

Information regarding safe handling, see section 7. Information regarding personal protective measures, see section 8. Information regarding waste disposal, see section 13.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**



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## 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

## Advice on safe handling

Do not drop, slide, roll or bang the drums. Keep away from flame, heat, shock, impact, friction, sparks or static electricity.

Do not allow wetted nitrocellulose to dry out, because nitrocellulose becomes more sensitive in the dry state. Keep container tightly closed when not in use.

Ensure adequate ventilation. Pull polyethylene liner, carefully down over the outside of the package.

Ensure package is completely grounded/earthed during emptying.

Do not remove the liner from the package during emptying.

Tools used with nitrocellulose should be of non-ferrous materials such as copper, brass, wood or anti-static plastic.

Tools made of standard plastic material must not be used because of their tendency to produce static electricity.

Avoid contact with strong alkaline and acidic materials, amines or oxidising agents.

Keep quantity of product in the processing area to a minimum.

This would not be expected to exceed the amount necessary for one shift.

Do not allow nitrocellulose to enter drains or water courses.

## General protective and hygiene measures

Do not eat, drink or smoke during work time. Keep away from foodstuffs and beverages. Do not inhale dust. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Wash hands before breaks and after work. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes and launder thoroughly before reusing.

## Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Handle with caution - Avoid shock, impact and friction. Isolate from sources of heat, sparks and open flame. Take precautionary measures against static charges. Never allow nitrocellulose to dry out, because nitrocellulose can react sensitively when dry. Use explosion-proof equipment/fittings and non-sparking tools.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

## Technical measures and storage conditions

Keep container tightly closed and dry in a cool, well-ventilated place. Protect from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition.

# Recommended storage temperature

Value < 40 °C

Storage stability

Comments Nitrocellulose should be used within two years of the date of manufacture. This

applies to nitrocellulose stored in original, unopened packages.

# Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Containers which are opened must be carefully closed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Always keep in containers of same material as the original.

# Incompatible products

Substances to be avoided, see section 10. Do not store with combustible materials.

## 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No data available.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

## 8.1 Control parameters

# Occupational exposure limit values

No	Substance name	CAS no.		EC no.	
1	ethyl-acetate	141-78-6		205-500-4	
	2017/164/EU				
	Ethyl acetate				
	WEL short-term (15 min reference period)	1468	mg/m³	400	ppm
	WEL long-term (8-hr TWA reference period)	734	mg/m³	200	ppm
	List of approved workplace exposure limits (WELs) / EH40				
	Ethyl acetate				
	WEL short-term (15 min reference period)			400	ppm
	WEL long-term (8-hr TWA reference period)			200	ppm



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# **DNEL, DMEL and PNEC values**

**DNEL values (worker)** 

No	Substance name	Substance name				
	Route of exposure	Exposure time	Effect	Value		
1	ethyl-acetate			141-78-6		
				205-500-4		
	dermal	Long term (chronic)	systemic	63	mg/kg/day	
	inhalative	Long term (chronic)	systemic	734	mg/m³	
	inhalative	Short term (acut)	systemic	1468	mg/m³	
	inhalative	Long term (chronic)	local	734	mg/m³	
	inhalative	Short term (acut)	local	1468	mg/m³	

**DNEL** value (consumer)

No	Substance name	Substance name				
	Route of exposure	Exposure time	Effect	Value		
1	ethyl-acetate			141-78-6		
				205-500-4		
	oral	Long term (chronic)	systemic	4.5	mg/kg/day	
	dermal	Long term (chronic)	systemic	37	mg/kg/day	
	inhalative	Long term (chronic)	systemic	367	mg/m³	
	inhalative	Short term (acut)	systemic	734	mg/m³	
	inhalative	Long term (chronic)	local	367	mg/m³	
	inhalative	Short term (acut)	local	734	mg/m³	

## **PNEC** values

No	Substance name		CAS / EC	no
	ecological compartment	Туре	Value	
1	ethyl-acetate		141-78-6	
			205-500-4	ļ
	water	fresh water	0.24	mg/L
	water	marine water	0.024	mg/L
	water	fresh water sediment	1.15	mg/kg dry
				weight
	water	marine water sediment	0.115	mg/kg dry
				weight
	soil	-	0.148	mg/kg dry
				weight
	sewage treatment plant	-	650	mg/L
	secondary poisoning	-	0.2	g/kg
	with reference to: food			

# 8.2 Exposure controls

### Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL (=Occupational Exposure Limit), suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Concentration of solvent in the workplace atmosphere should be monitored. Use effective local exhaust to keep the concentration of damping agents below the exposure limits.

Monitoring Methods:

BS EN 14042:2003 Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours.

## Personal protective equipment

## Respiratory protection

If workplace exposure limits are exceeded, a respiration protection approved for this particular job must be worn. In case of dust formation, take appropriate measures for breathing protection in the event that workplace threshold values are not specified.

## Eye / face protection

Safety glasses with side protection shield (EN 166); Face shield



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#### Hand protection

Sufficient protection is given wearing suitable protective gloves checked according to i.e. EN 374, in the event of risk of skin contact with the product. Before use, the protective gloves should be tested in any case for its specific work-station suitability (i.e. mechanical resistance, product compatibility and antistatic properties). Adhere to the manufacturer's instructions and information relating to the use, storage, care and replacement of protective gloves. Protective gloves shall be replaced immediately when physically damaged or worn. Design operations thus to avoid permanent use of protective gloves. anti-static gloves

Appropriate Material butyl rubber

Material thickness > 0.5 mm
Breakthrough time > 8 h

#### Other

Fire-resistant antistatic protective clothing. Antistatic shoes

## **Environmental exposure controls**

The material should be used in closed equipment. Keep container tightly closed when not in use.

Do not allow to enter drains or water courses.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

# 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

State of aggregation			
solid			
Form/Colour			
Fibre; granules / flakes			
white			
Odour			
odourless			
pH value Comments	Toot not possible	dua ta th	a kind of product
Comments	Test not possible	aue to the	e kina oi produci.
Boiling point / boiling range			
No data available			
Melting point/freezing point			
No data available			
Decomposition temperature			
Value	>	180	°C
Comments	Deflagration temp	erature o	f NC wool
Flash point			
No data available			
Invition townsystems			
Ignition temperature  No data available			
Auto-ignition temperature Value	>	100	°C
value	>	180	C
Explosive properties			
Risk of explosion if heated under confinement.			
Flammability			
highly flammable			
Lower explosion limit			
No data available			
Upper explosion limit No data available			
Vapour pressure			
Value	<	1	mbar



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Pofe	rence temperature				20	°C			
	rence substance	Water			20	C			
		1							
	tive vapour density								
No c	ata available								
Rela	tive density								
No c	lata available								
Den	sitv								
Valu		>			1	kg/dm³			
		1							
	density	1	050		222				
Valu	e e		250	-	600	kg/m³			
Solu	bility								
	ata available								
Solu	ıble in								
este	rs; Ketones; glycol ether								
Part	ition coefficient n-octanol/water (log valu	e)							
No	Substance name			CAS	no.		EC no		
1	cellulose nitrate (<12.6% N)			9004	1-70-0		-		
log [		<				0			
2	ethyl-acetate			141-	78-6		205-50	0-4	
log F						0.68			
	rence temperature					25		°C	
Sou	ce	ECHA	١						
Visc	osity								
	lata available								

## 9.2 Other information

Particle characteristics
No data available

Other information	
Desensitising Agent:	SAIB
Exothermic Decomposition Energy:	2930 – 3841 kJ/kg
Corrected Burning rate Ac.:	
These industrial nitrocellulose products have	re a corrected burning rate (Ac) equal to or greater than 300 kg/min but not
more than 1200 kg/min, determined by the	e test method described in subsection 51.4 of the UN Recommendations

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

## 10.1 Reactivity

Industrial nitrocellulose products show a limiting diameter of >2 mm in the test series 2(b) Koenen Test of the UN Manual of Tests and Criteria. This test result shows that industrial nitrocellulose products are sensitive to heating under confinement. Heating Industrial nitrocellulose under confinement may lead to an explosion. Therefore industrial nitrocellulose products must never be heated under confinement.

If allowed to dry out, industrial nitrocellulose becomes significantly more sensitive to heat, friction and static electricity. The burning rate of dry nitrocellulose is approximately 50 times that of 30% solvent damped material.

# 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (See section 7).

# 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Exothermic reactions are possible in the event of contact with incompatible substances.

## 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heat, naked flames or other ignition sources, electrostatic charge and discharge, formation of vapours/aerosols. Prevent evaporation of the moistening agent.



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## 10.5 Incompatible materials

Alkalis; corrosive substances; Amines; Oxidizing agents

# 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

In case of fire: see section 5.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

# 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acu	Acute oral toxicity						
No	Substance name		CAS no.		EC no.		
1	cellulose nitrate (<12.6% N)		9004-70-0		-		
LD5	0	>		5000	mg/kg bodyweight		
Spe	cies	rat					
2	ethyl-acetate		141-78-6		205-500-4		
LD5	0	>		5600	mg/kg bodyweight		
Spe	cies	rat					
Soul	rce	ECHA					

Acu	te dermal toxicity			
No	Substance name	CAS	no.	EC no.
1	ethyl-acetate	141	-78-6	205-500-4
LD5	0	>	20000	mg/kg bodyweight
Spec	cies	rabbit		
Sour	rce	ECHA		

Acute inhalational toxicity	
No data available	

Skir	n corrosion/irritation				
No	Substance name		CAS no.		EC no.
1	cellulose nitrate (<12.6% N)		9004-70-0		-
Dura	ation of exposure			4	h
Spe	cies	rabbit			
Metl	hod	OECD 404			
Eval	luation	non-irritant			
2	ethyl-acetate		141-78-6		205-500-4
Spe	cies	rabbit			
Metl	hod	OECD 404			
Sou	rce	ECHA			
Eval	luation	low-irritant			
Eval	luation/classification	Based on av	ailable data, the	e classifica	ation criteria are not met.

Seri	ous eye damage/irritation					
No	Substance name		CAS no.		EC no.	
1	cellulose nitrate (<12.6% N)		9004-70-0		-	
Dura	ation of exposure			24	h	
Spe	cies	rabbit				
Meth	nod	OECD 405				
Eval	uation	non-irritant				
2	ethyl-acetate		141-78-6		205-500-4	
Spe	cies	rabbit				
Meth	nod	OECD 405				
Soul	rce	ECHA				
Eval	uation	low-irritant				

Res	piratory or skin sensitisation		
No	Substance name	CAS no.	EC no.
1	ethyl-acetate	141-78-6	205-500-4
Rout	te of exposure	Skin	
Spec	cies	guinea pig	
Meth	nod	OECD 406	



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Source ECHA non-sensitizing

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

Reproduction toxicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity
No data available

STOT - single exposure

No data available

STOT - repeated exposure

No data available

Aspiration hazard
No data available

## 11.2 Information on other hazards

**Endocrine disrupting properties** 

No data available.

Other information

No data available.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

# 12.1 Toxicity

Toxi	icity to fish (acute)				
No	Substance name	CAS no.		EC no.	
1	cellulose nitrate (<12.6% N)	9004-70-0		-	
LC5	0	>	5000	mg/l	
Dura	ation of exposure		96	h	
Spec	cies	Brachydanio rerio			
Meth	nod	OECD 203			
2	ethyl-acetate	141-78-6		205-500-4	
LC5	0		220	mg/l	
Dura	ation of exposure		96	h	
Spec	cies	Pimephales promelas			
Soul	rce	ECHA			

# Toxicity to fish (chronic) No data available

Toxi	icity to Daphnia (acute)				
No	Substance name	CAS no.		EC no.	
1	cellulose nitrate (<12.6% N)	9004-70-0		-	
EC5	50	>	10000	mg/l	
Dura	ation of exposure		48	h	
Spe	cies	Daphnia magna			
Sou	rce	OECD 202			
2	ethyl-acetate	141-78-6		205-500-4	
EC5	0		1350	mg/l	
Dura	ation of exposure		48	h ¯	
Spe	cies	Daphnia magna			
Sou	rce	ECHA			

Toxicity to Daphnia (chronic)
No data available

Toxi	icity to algae (acute)			
No	Substance name	CAS no.	EC no.	



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1	cellulose nitrate (<12.6% N	9004	I-70-0 -		
EC50	0	>	10000	mg/l	
Dura	ition of exposure		78	h	
Spec	cies	Algae			
Meth	nod	OECD 201			

Toxicity to algae (chronic)

No data available

Bac	teria toxicity					
No	Substance name		CAS no.		EC no.	
1	cellulose nitrate (<12.6% N)		9004-70-0		-	
EC5	0	>		10000	mg/l	
Spe	cies	bacteriae			•	
Meth	nod	OECD 209				

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability			
No Substance name	CAS no.		EC no.
1 cellulose nitrate (<12.6% N)	9004-70-0		-
Value	appr.	20	%
Duration		28	day(s)
Method	OECD 301 B		
Туре	COD		
Value		460	mg/L
Method	DIN 38409 T.41		-
Туре	BOD		
Value		0	mgO2/l
with reference to	20 mg/l		
Method	DIN 38409 H51		
2 ethyl-acetate	141-78-6		205-500-4
Туре	COD		
Value		1.69	g O2/g
Source	ECHA		<u>-</u>
Evaluation	readily biodegradable		

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Biod	concentration factor (BCF)		
No	Substance name	CAS no.	EC no.
1	cellulose nitrate (<12.6% N)	9004-70-0	
Eval	uation/classification	no evidence for bioakkumulation	

No	Substance name		CAS no.		EC no.
1	cellulose nitrate (<12.6% N)		9004-70-0		-
log I	Pow	<		0	
2	ethyl-acetate		141-78-6		205-500-4
log I	Pow			0.68	
Refe	erence temperature			25	°C
Sou	rce	ECHA			

12.4 Mobility in soil

_							
	Mob	Mobility in soil					
	No	Substance name	CAS no.	EC no.			
I	1	cellulose nitrate (<12.6% N)	9004-70-0				
	Evaluation/classification		Nitrocellulose is insoluble in water and will not be mobile in soil.				

## 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment					
PBT assessment	No data available.				
vPvB assessment	No data available.				



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### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No data available.

## 12.8 Other information

## Other information

Do not discharge product unmonitored into the environment.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

## 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### Product

It is recommended that small quantities of nitrocellulose should be dissolved prior to destruction as waste NC-lacquer. European Waste Catalogue (EWC) 08 01 11.

Waste disposal should be in accordance with national, state and local environmental regulations.

Sewage disposal shall be discouraged. Do not allow into drains or water courses.

## **Packaging**

Empty package retains hazardous residue. Observe all label precautions. Keep away from heat, sparks and flames. Do not weld or use cutting torch on or near the package.

With the earth/ground clip still in place, fold the liner into the empty package. Remove the earth clip and replace the lid of the drum or close the box.

Transfer the package to a non-hazardous area and remove the bag for disposal. The bag will contain a residue of nitrocellulose and must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Ensure that the residual nitrocellulose in the bag does not dry out before disposal.

Remove all labels from the package. Then offer the package for recycling/reconditioning or puncture or otherwise destroy empty package and dispose of in a facility permitted for non hazardous waste.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

# 14.1 Transport ADR/RID/ADN

Class 4.1
Classification code D
Packing group II
UN number UN2557

Proper shipping name NITROCELLULOSE, MIXTURE WITH PLASTICIZER, WITHOUT PIGMENT

Tunnel restriction code B Label 4.1

## 14.2 Transport IMDG

Class 4.1
Packing group II
UN number UN2557

Proper shipping name NITROCELLULOSE, MIXTURE WITH PLASTICIZER, WITHOUT PIGMENT

EmS F-B, S-J Label 4.1

# 14.3 Transport ICAO-TI / IATA

Class 4.1
Packing group II
UN number UN2557

Proper shipping name Nitrocellulose, mixture with plasticizer, without pigment

Label 4.1

## 14.4 Other information

No data available.

# 14.5 Environmental hazards

Information on environmental hazards, if relevant, please see 14.1 - 14.3.

# 14.6 Special precautions for user

No data available.



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## 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not relevant

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU regulations

## Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) Annex XIV (List of substances subject to authorisation)

According to the data available and/or specifications supplied by upstream suppliers, this product does not contain any substances considered as substances requiring authorisation as listed on Annex XIV of the REACH regulation (EC) 1907/2006.

# REACH candidate list of substances of very high concern (SVHC) for authorisation

According to available data and the information provided by preliminary suppliers, the product does not contain substances that are considered substances meeting the criteria for inclusion in annex XIV (List of Substances Subject to Authorisation) as laid down in Article 57 and article 59 of REACH (EC) 1907/2006.

# Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) Annex XVII: RESTRICTIONS ON THE MANUFACTURE, PLACING ON THE MARKET AND USE OF CERTAIN DANGEROUS SUBSTANCES, MIXTURES AND ARTICLES

The product contains following substance(s) that are considered being subject to REACH regulation (EC) 1907/2006 annex XVII.

No	Substance name	CAS no.	EC no.	No
1	ethyl-acetate	141-78-6	205-500-4	75

# Directive 2012/18/EU on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances

This product is not subject to Part 1 or 2 of Annex I.

## Other regulations

Adhere to the national sanitary and occupational safety regulations when using this product.

## 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out for this mixture.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

## Sources of key data used to compile the data sheet:

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH), 1272/2008 (CLP) as amended in each case.

Directives 2000/39/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, (EU) 2017/164.

National Threshold Limit Values of the corresponding countries as amended in each case.

Transport regulations according to ADR, RID, IMDG, IATA as amended in each case.

The data sources used to determine physical, toxic and ecotoxic data, are indicated directly in the corresponding section.

# Full text of the H- and EUH- phrases drawn up in sections 2 and 3 (provided not already drawn up in these sections)

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

H201 Explosive; mass explosion hazard.
H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

# Notes relating to the identification, classification and labelling of substances and mixtures ((EC) No 1272/2008, Annex VI)

This substance may be marketed in a form which does not have the physical hazards as indicated by the classification in the entry in Part 3. If the results of the relevant method or methods in accordance with Part 2 of Annex I of this Regulation show that the specific form of substance marketed does not exhibit this physical property or these physical hazards, the substance shall be classified in accordance with the result or results of this test or these tests. Relevant information, including reference to the relevant test method(s)

shall be included in the safety data sheet.

## Creation of the safety data sheet

# EU safety data sheet



Trade name: Hacoplast (all types) with plasticizer SAIB / Category 1

Current version: 4.1.0, issued: 06.04.2022 Replaced version: 4.0.0, issued: 08.10.2021 Region: GB

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This information is based on our present knowledge and experience.

The safety data sheet describes products with a view to safety requirements.

It does not however, constitute a guarantee for any specific product properties and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

Alterations/supplements:

Alterations to the previous edition are marked in the left-hand margin.

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