# EU safety data sheet

Trade name: Nitrocellulose with isopropanol / category 3

Current version : 4.1.0, issued: 06.04.2022

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Replaced version: 4.0.0, issued: 08.10.2021

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name

# Nitrocellulose with isopropanol / category 3

Hacocell 30% - AH 9 - AH 35 / H 20 - H 33 / H 17 spez. - H 35 spez.

# Hacocell 35% - H 12 – H 30 / H 17 spez.

# 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

## Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture

Industrial Nitrocellulose is used as a binder and or film former in the manufacture of coatings, cosmetics, inks, paints and personal care items.

#### **Uses advised against** No data available.

# No data avallable.

## 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

#### Address

HAGEDORN-NC GmbH Rheiner Landstraße 195 A 49078 D-Osnabrück

Telephone no.	+49 (0) 541 94044-0
Fax no.	+49 (0) 541 94044-43
e-mail	hagedorn@hagedorn.de

## Information provided by / telephone

Labor Werk Lingen +49 (0) 591 9148-22; E-Mail: labor@hagedorn.de

Advice on Safety Data Sheet sdb\_info@umco.de

# 1.4 Emergency telephone number

For medical advice (in German and English): +49 (0)551 192 40 (Giftinformationszentrum Nord)

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

# 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

# Classification in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Desen. Expl. 3; H207 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H336

## **Classification information**

This product is assessed and classified using the methods and criteria below referred to in Article 9 of Regulation (EC) n° 1272/2008:

Physical hazards: determined through assessment data based on the methods or standards referred to in part 2 of Annex I to CLP

Health hazards and environmental hazards: determined through toxicological and ecotoxicological assessment data based on the methods or standards referred to in Part 3, 4 and 5 of Annex I to CLP.

# 2.2 Label elements

# Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP Regulation)

## Hazard pictograms

GHS02

GHS07



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<b>Signal word</b> Warning	
Hazardous component propan-2-ol	t(s) to be indicated on label:
Hazard statement(s)	
H207	Fire or projection hazard; increased risk of explosion if desensitising agent is reduced.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Precautionary stateme	ent(s)
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P212	Avoid heating under confinement or reduction of the desensitising agent.
P230	Keep wetted with isopropanol.
P233	Keep container tightly closed.
P243	Take action to prevent static discharges.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P370+P380+P375	In case of fire: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use water to extinguish.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

Heating Industrial NC under confinement may lead to an explosion. Therefore Industrial NC products must never be heated under confinement. Nitrocellulose can be ignited by flame, heat, shock, impact, friction, sparks or static electricity. In cases of fire and decomposition of nitrocellulose, toxic gases may be produced in some circumstances (See section 5).

Nitrocellulose decomposes in contact with strong acids and strong alkalis.

PBT assessment No data available. vPvB assessment

No data available.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

## 3.1 Substances

Not applicable. The product is not a substance.

#### 3.2 Mixtures

#### **Chemical characterization**

Mixture of nitrocellulose with phlegmatizing agent

#### Hazardous ingredients

No	Substance name		Addit	ional information	on	
	CAS / EC / Index /	Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	Conc	entration		%
	REACH no					
1	cellulose nitrate (<	12.6% N)				
	9004-70-0	Expl. 1.1; H201	>=	50.00 - <	70.00	wt%
	-					
	603-037-00-6					
	-					
2	propan-2-ol					
	67-63-0	Eye Irrit. 2; H319	>=	25.00 - <	50.00	wt%
	200-661-7	Flam. Liq. 2; H225				
	603-117-00-0	STOT SE 3; H336				
	01-2119457558-25					

Full Text for all H-phrases and EUH-phrases: pls. see section 16

No	Note	Specific concentration limits	M-factor (acute)	M-factor (chronic)
1	Т	-	-	-

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Full text for the notes: pls. see section 16 "Notes relating to the identification, classification and labelling of substances ((EC) No 1272/2008, Annex VI)".

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

#### General information

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes immediately, and launder thoroughly before reusing. In case of persisting adverse effects, consult a physician.

#### After inhalation

Remove affected persons from dangerous area by observing suitable respiratory protection measures. Ensure supply of fresh air. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. Call a doctor immediately.

#### After skin contact

Instantly wash with copious amounts of water.

#### After eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Rinse eye thoroughly under running water keeping eyelids wide open and protecting the unaffected eye (at least 10 to 15 minutes). Begin with medical treatment.

#### After ingestion

Rinse the mouth thoroughly with water. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Seek medical attention.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Symptoms

Exposure to vapours or materials of combustion may give rise to headache, dizziness, drowsiness, nausea and delayed breathing difficulties. Eye pain redness, tearing, swelling of eyelids, itching. Prolonged skin contact may result in irritation.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If breathing is difficult or patient show signs of lack of consciousness, seek immediate medical assistance.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Burning nitrocellulose can only be extinguished by large quantities of water applied as mist or spray.

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

Sand, CO2, foam or dry powder will NOT extinguish burning nitrocellulose and must not be used.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Burning nitrocellulose may produce toxic fumes in some circumstances. The fumes may contain nitrous gases if there is insufficient oxygen for combustion.

After the fire is extinguished, material may be unstable, could reignite or produce toxic fumes. Therefore ensure that residual material is thoroughly wetted with water.

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Evacuate the area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of an explosion.

Fire-fighters must work from the windward side and should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus to protect against potentially toxic and irritating fumes.

**SECTION 6: Accidental release measures** 

# 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### For non-emergency personnel

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not inhale vapours. Keep away from ignition sources.

#### For emergency responders

Personal protective equipment (PPE) - see section 8.

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#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not discharge into the drains/surface waters/groundwater.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Spilled nitrocellulose must be thoroughly wetted with plenty of water, swept up carefully and kept in tightly closed watertight container, see section 13. Use tools that do not produce sparks, see section 7.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Information regarding safe handling, see section 7. Information regarding personal protective measures, see section 8. Information regarding waste disposal, see section 13.

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

## Advice on safe handling

Do not drop, slide, roll or bang the drums. Keep away from flame, heat, shock, impact, friction, sparks or static electricity.

Do not allow wetted nitrocellulose to dry out, because nitrocellulose becomes more sensitive in the dry state. Keep wetted with isopropanol.

If nitrocellulose has dried out, immediately re-damp with isopropanol. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Ensure adequate ventilation. Pull polyethylene liner, carefully down over the outside of the package.

Ensure package is completely grounded/earthed during emptying.

Do not remove the liner from the package during emptying.

Tools used with nitrocellulose should be of non-ferrous materials such as copper, brass, wood or anti-static plastic. Tools made of standard plastic material must not be used because of their tendency to produce static electricity. Avoid contact with strong alkaline and acidic materials, amines or oxidising agents.

Keep quantity of product in the processing area to a minimum.

This would not be expected to exceed the amount necessary for one shift.

Do not allow nitrocellulose to enter drains or water courses.

#### General protective and hygiene measures

Do not eat, drink or smoke during work time. Keep away from foodstuffs and beverages. Do not inhale dust. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Wash hands before breaks and after work. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes and launder thoroughly before reusing.

#### Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Handle with caution - Avoid shock, impact and friction. Isolate from sources of heat, sparks and open flame. Take precautionary measures against static charges. Never allow nitrocellulose to dry out, because nitrocellulose can react sensitively when dry. Use explosion-proof equipment/fittings and non-sparking tools.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### Technical measures and storage conditions

Keep container tightly closed and dry in a cool, well-ventilated place. Protect from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition.

Recommended storage t	temperature			
Value	<	40	°C	
Storage stability				
Comments			,	rs of the date of manufacture. opened packages.

#### Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Containers which are opened must be carefully closed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Always keep in containers of same material as the original.

#### Incompatible products

Substances to be avoided, see section 10. Do not store with combustible materials.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No data available.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

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#### **Occupational exposure limit values**

No	Substance name	CAS no.		EC no.	
1	propan-2-ol	67-63-0		200-661-7	
	List of approved workplace exposure limits (WELs) / E	EH40			
	Propan-2-ol				
	WEL short-term (15 min reference period)	1250	mg/m³	500	ppm
	WEL long-term (8-hr TWA reference period)	999	mg/m³	400	ppm

## **DNEL, DMEL and PNEC values**

**DNEL** values (worker)

No	No Substance name			CAS / EC	no
	Route of exposure	Exposure time	Effect	Value	
1	propan-2-ol			67-63-0	
				200-661-	7
	dermal	Long term (chronic)	systemic	888	mg/kg/day
	inhalative	Long term (chronic)	systemic	500	mg/m³

#### **DNEL value (consumer)**

No	Substance name			CAS / EC	; no
	Route of exposure	Route of exposure Exposure time Effect		Value	
1	propan-2-ol			67-63-0	
				200-661-	7
	oral	Long term (chronic)	systemic	26	mg/kg/day
	dermal	Long term (chronic)	systemic	319	mg/kg/day
	inhalative	Long term (chronic)	systemic	89	mg/m³

# PNEC values

No	Substance name	ubstance name		
	ecological compartment	Туре	Value	
1	propan-2-ol		67-63-0	
			200-661-7	
	water	fresh water	140.9	mg/L
	water	Aqua intermittent	140.9	mg/L
	water	marine water	140.9	mg/L
	water	fresh water sediment	552	mg/L
	water	marine water sediment	552	mg/L
	soil	-	28	mg/kg
	sewage treatment plant	-	2251	mg/L
	secondary poisoning	-	160	mg/kg
	with reference to: food			

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL (=Occupational Exposure Limit), suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Concentration of solvent in the workplace atmosphere should be monitored. Use effective local exhaust to keep the concentration of damping agents below the exposure limits.

Monitoring Methods:

BS EN 14042:2003 Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours.

#### Personal protective equipment

#### **Respiratory protection**

If workplace exposure limits are exceeded, a respiration protection approved for this particular job must be worn. In case of dust formation, take appropriate measures for breathing protection in the event that workplace threshold values are not specified.

#### Eye / face protection

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Safety glasses with side protection shield (EN 166); Face shield

#### Hand protection

Sufficient protection is given wearing suitable protective gloves checked according to i.e. EN 374, in the event of risk of skin contact with the product. Before use, the protective gloves should be tested in any case for its specific workstation suitability (i.e. mechanical resistance, product compatibility and antistatic properties). Adhere to the manufacturer's instructions and information relating to the use, storage, care and replacement of protective gloves. Protective gloves shall be replaced immediately when physically damaged or worn. Design operations thus to avoid permanent use of protective gloves. anti-static gloves Appropriate Material butyl rubber Material thickness > 0.5 mm Breakthrough time > 8 h

#### Other

Fire-resistant antistatic protective clothing. Antistatic shoes

#### Environmental exposure controls

The material should be used in closed equipment. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Do not allow to enter drains or water courses.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

State of aggregation			
solid			
Form/Colour			
Fibre; granules / flakes			
white			
Odour			
according to moistening agent			
pH value			
Comments	Test not possible of	due to the	e kind of product.
Boiling point / boiling range	82 -	83	°C
Reference substance	propan-2-ol	03	C
Melting point/freezing point			
No data available			
Decomposition temperature	1		
Value	>	180	°C
Comments	Deflagration tempe	erature o	I NC WOOL
Flash point			
Value		12	C
Method	Abel-Pensky		
Reference substance	propan-2-ol		
Ignition temperature			
No data available			
Auto-ignition temperature			
Value	>	180	C
Explosive properties			
Risk of explosion if heated under confinement.			
· · ·			
Flammability highly flammable			
Lower explosion limit	1		
Value		2.0	% vol
Reference substance	propan-2-ol		

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Upper explosion limit					
Value		12.0	% vol		
Reference substance	propan-2-ol				
Vapour pressure					
Value		41.6	mbar		
Reference temperature		20	°C		
Reference substance	propan-2-ol				
Relative vapour density					
Value		2.1			
Reference substance	propan-2-ol				
Relative density					
No data available					
Density					
Value	>	1	kg/dm³		
Bulk density					
Value	250	- 600	kg/m³		
Solubility					
No data available					
Soluble in					
esters; Ketones; glycol ether					
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log v	value)				
No Substance name		CAS no.		EC no.	
1 cellulose nitrate (<12.6% N)		9004-70-0		•	
log Pow	<		0		
2 propan-2-ol		67-63-0		200-661-7	
log Pow			0.05		
Reference temperature			25	°C	
Source	ECHA				
Viscosity					
No data available					
Particle characteristics					
2 Other information					

# 9.2

Other information	
Desensitising Agent	Isopropanol
Exothermic Decomposition Energy	2930 – 3841 kJ/kg
Corrected Burning rate Ac.:	
These induction with a club on a new ductor has	ve a comparted by main wate (Ac) any alter an anapter them CO (a /min by these

These industrial nitrocellulose products have a corrected burning rate (Ac) equal to or greater than 60 kg/min but less than 140 kg/min, determined by the test method described in subsection 51.4 of the UN Recommendations

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

Industrial nitrocellulose products show a limiting diameter of >2 mm in the test series 2(b) Koenen Test of the UN Manual of Tests and Criteria. This test result shows that industrial nitrocellulose products are sensitive to heating under confinement. Heating Industrial nitrocellulose under confinement may lead to an explosion. Therefore industrial nitrocellulose products must never be heated under confinement.

If allowed to dry out, industrial nitrocellulose becomes significantly more sensitive to heat, friction and static electricity. The burning rate of dry nitrocellulose is approximately 50 times that of 30% solvent damped material.

#### 10.2 **Chemical stability**

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (See section 7).

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Exothermic reactions are possible in the event of contact with incompatible substances.

#### **10.4** Conditions to avoid

Heat, naked flames or other ignition sources, electrostatic charge and discharge, formation of vapours/aerosols. Prevent evaporation of the moistening agent.

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## 10.5 Incompatible materials

Alkalis; corrosive substances; Amines; Oxidizing agents

## 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

In case of fire: see section 5.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

# 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute oral toxicity				
No Substance name		CAS no.		EC no.
1 cellulose nitrate (<12.6% N)		9004-70-0		-
LD50	>		5000	mg/kg bodyweig
Species	rat			
2 propan-2-ol		67-63-0		200-661-7
LD50			5840	mg/kg bodyweig
Species	rat			
Method	OECD 401			
Source	ECHA			
Evaluation/classification	Based on av	ailable data, the	e classificati	on criteria are not met.
Acute dermal toxicity				
No data available				
Acute inhalational toxicity		CAS no.		EC no.
No Substance name 1 propan-2-ol		67-63-0		200-661-7
LC50	>	07-03-0	10000	
Duration of exposure	1		6	ppmV
	Vanaur		0	h
State of aggregation Species	Vapour rat			
Method				
	OECD 403			
Source	ECHA		I : <b>6</b> 4	
Evaluation/classification	Dased on a	aliable data, the	e classificati	on criteria are not met.
Skin corrosion/irritation				
No Substance name		CAS no.		EC no.
1 cellulose nitrate (<12.6% N)		9004-70-0	-	-
Duration of exposure			4	h
Species	rabbit			
Method	OECD 404			
Evaluation	non-irritant			
2 propan-2-ol		67-63-0		200-661-7
Species	rabbit			
Source	ECHA			
Evaluation	non-irritant			
	Based on a	allable data, the	e classificati	on criteria are not met.
Evaluation/classification	Babba billa			
Serious eye damage/irritation				
Serious eye damage/irritation		CAS no.		EC no.
Serious eye damage/irritation No Substance name 1 cellulose nitrate (<12.6% N)		CAS no. 9004-70-0		-
Serious eye damage/irritation         No       Substance name         1       cellulose nitrate (<12.6% N)         Duration of exposure			24	EC no. - h
Serious eye damage/irritation         No       Substance name         1       cellulose nitrate (<12.6% N)         Duration of exposure         Species	rabbit		24	-
Serious eye damage/irritation         No       Substance name         1       cellulose nitrate (<12.6% N)         Duration of exposure			24	-

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propan-2-ol	67-63-0	200-661-7
Species	rabbit	
Method	OECD 405	
Source	ECHA	
Evaluation	irritant	
Evaluation/classification	Based on available data, the clas	sification criteria are met.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation		
No Substance name	CAS no.	EC no.
1 propan-2-ol	67-63-0	200-661-7
Route of exposure	Skin	200 001 1
Species	guinea pig	
Method	OECD 406	
Source	ECHA	
Evaluation	non-sensitizing	
Evaluation/classification	Based on available data, the clas	sification criteria are not met
Germ cell mutagenicity		
No Substance name	CAS no.	EC no.
1 propan-2-ol	67-63-0	200-661-7
Source	ECHA	
Evaluation/classification	Based on available data, the clas	sification criteria are not met.
Depreduction toxicity		
Reproduction toxicity No data available		
No data avallable		
Carcinogenicity		
No data available		
STOT - single exposure		
No data available		
No data available STOT - repeated exposure		
	CAS no.	EC no.
STOT - repeated exposure No Substance name	CAS no. 67-63-0	EC no. 200-661-7
STOT - repeated exposure No Substance name 1 propan-2-ol		
STOT - repeated exposure No Substance name	67-63-0 inhalational	
STOT - repeated exposure         No       Substance name         1       propan-2-ol         Route of exposure         Source	67-63-0 inhalational ECHA	200-661-7
STOT - repeated exposure         No       Substance name         1       propan-2-ol         Route of exposure         Source         Evaluation/classification	67-63-0 inhalational	200-661-7
STOT - repeated exposure         No       Substance name         1       propan-2-ol         Route of exposure         Source	67-63-0 inhalational ECHA	200-661-7

# 11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties No data available.

# Other information

No data available.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

# 12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish (acute)					
No	Substance name	CAS no.		EC no.	
1	cellulose nitrate (<12.6% N)	9004-70-0		-	
LC5	0	>	5000	mg/l	
Dura	ition of exposure		96	h	
Spec	cies	Brachydanio rerio			
Method		OECD 203			
2 propan-2-ol		67-63-0		200-661-7	
LC5	0		9640	mg/l	
Dura	ition of exposure		96	h	
Spec	cies	Pimephales promelas			
Meth	nod	OECD 203			

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So	urce	ECHA			
	xicity to fish (chronic)				
No	data available				
Tox	xicity to Daphnia (acute)				
	Substance name		S no.	EC no.	
1	cellulose nitrate (<12.6% N)	900	4-70-0	-	
EC		>	10000	mg/l	
	ration of exposure		48	h	
	ecies	Daphnia magna			
		OECD 202 67-6	20.0	000 004 7	
EC	propan-2-ol		10000	200-661-7	
	ration of exposure	>	24	mg/l h	
	ecies	Daphnia magna	24	11	
	ethod	OECD 202			
	urce	ECHA			
					_
	xicity to Daphnia (chronic)				
No	data available				
	xicity to algae (acute)				
	Substance name		S no.	EC no.	
1	cellulose nitrate (<12.6% N)	900	4-70-0	-	
EC		>	10000	mg/l	
	ration of exposure		78	h	
	ecies	Algae			
Me	ethod	OECD 201			
To	xicity to algae (chronic)				
	data available				
Pa	etoria toxicity				
	cteria toxicity	CAS	S no.	EC no.	
1	cellulose nitrate (<12.6% N)		4-70-0	-	
EC		>	10000	mg/l	
	ecies	bacteriae			
	ethod	OECD 209			
	Persistence and degradability				
	odegradability				
-	Substance name		<u>S no.</u>	EC no.	
1	cellulose nitrate (<12.6% N)		<b>4-70-0</b>	- %	
	ration	appr.	20 28	% day(s)	
	ethod	OECD 301 B	20	uay(s)	
Тур		COD			
Val		000	460	mg/L	
	ethod	DIN 38409 T.41	-00-	ing/L	
1110		BOD			
Tyr			0	mgO2/l	
Typ Val		00 //	0	ing 02/i	
Val		2() ma/l			
Val wit	h reference to	20 mg/l DIN 38409 H51			
Val wit Me	h reference to thod	DIN 38409 H51	63-0	200-661-7	
Val witi Me <b>2</b>	h reference to ethod propan-2-ol	DIN 38409 H51 67-6	53-0	200-661-7	
Val with Me 2 Typ	h reference to ethod propan-2-ol pe	DIN 38409 H51		200-661-7 %	
Val with Me 2 Typ Val	h reference to ethod propan-2-ol pe	DIN 38409 H51 67-6	53-0 53 5	%	
Val witi Me 2 Typ Val Du	h reference to ethod propan-2-ol pe lue	DIN 38409 H51 67-6	53		

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# 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential Bioconcentration factor (BCF)

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_	No	Substance name	CAS no.	EC no.
	1	cellulose nitrate (<12.6% N)	9004-70-0	-
	Eval	uation/classification	no evidence for bioakkumulati	on
	Part	ition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value	e)	
	No	Substance name	CAS no.	EC no.
	1	cellulose nitrate (<12.6% N)	9004-70-0	-
	log F	Pow	<	0
	2	propan-2-ol	67-63-0	200-661-7
	log F	Pow		0.05
	Refe	erence temperature		25 °C
	Sour	ce	ECHA	

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# 12.4 Mobility in soil

Mob	bbility in soil		
No	Substance name	CAS no.	EC no.
1	cellulose nitrate (<12.6% N)	9004-70-0	-
Eval	luation/classification	Nitrocellulose is insoluble in water	and will not be mobile in soil.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	
PBT assessment	No data available.
vPvB assessment	No data available.

## 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No data available.

#### 12.8 Other information

#### Other information

Do not discharge product unmonitored into the environment.

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### Product

It is recommended that small quantities of nitrocellulose should be dissolved prior to destruction as waste NC-lacquer. European Waste Catalogue (EWC) 08 01 11.

Waste disposal should be in accordance with national, state and local environmental regulations.

Sewage disposal shall be discouraged. Do not allow into drains or water courses.

#### Packaging

Empty package retains hazardous residue. Observe all label precautions. Keep away from heat, sparks and flames. Do not weld or use cutting torch on or near the package.

With the earth/ground clip still in place, fold the liner into the empty package. Remove the earth clip and replace the lid of the drum or close the box.

Transfer the package to a non-hazardous area and remove the bag for disposal. The bag will contain a residue of nitrocellulose and must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Ensure that the residual nitrocellulose in the bag does not dry out before disposal.

Remove all labels from the package. Then offer the package for recycling/reconditioning or puncture or otherwise destroy empty package and dispose of in a facility permitted for non hazardous waste.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1 Transport ADR/RID/ADN

Class	4.1
Classification code	D
Packing group	II
UN number	UN2556
Proper shipping name	NITROCELLULOSE WITH ALCOHOL
Tunnel restriction code	В

Current	version : 4.1.0, issued: 06.04.2022	Replaced version: 4.0.0, issued: 08.10.2021 R	egion: GB
	Label	4.1	
14.2	<b>Transport IMDG</b> Class Packing group UN number Proper shipping name EmS Label	4.1 II UN2556 NITROCELLULOSE WITH ALCOHOL F-B, S-J 4.1	
14.3	<b>Transport ICAO-TI / IATA</b> Class Packing group UN number Proper shipping name Label	4.1 II UN2556 Nitrocellulose with alcohol 4.1	
14.4	Other information No data available.		
14.5	<b>Environmental hazards</b> Information on environmental hazards, if relevant, please see 14.1 - 14.3.		
14.6	Special precautions for user No data available.		
14.7	14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments Not relevant		
SECT	FION 15: Regulatory information	ation	
15.1		ntal regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixtur	e
	EU regulations		•
		CH) Annex XIV (List of substances subject to authorisation) specifications supplied by upstream suppliers, this product does not contain	n any
sub		requiring authorisation as listed on Annex XIV of the REACH regulation (EC	
	REACH candidate list of substances of very high concern (SVHC) for authorisation		

Hagedorn NC

**REACH candidate list of substances of very high concern (SVHC) for authorisation** According to available data and the information provided by preliminary suppliers, the product does not contain substances that are considered substances meeting the criteria for inclusion in annex XIV (List of Substances Subject to Authorisation) as laid down in Article 57 and article 59 of REACH (EC) 1907/2006.

 Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) Annex XVII: RESTRICTIONS ON THE MANUFACTURE, PLACING ON THE MARKET AND USE OF CERTAIN DANGEROUS SUBSTANCES, MIXTURES AND ARTICLES

 The product contains following substance(s) that are considered being subject to REACH regulation (EC) 1907/2006 annex XVII.

 No
 Substance name
 CAS no.
 EC no.
 No

	No	Substance name	CAS no.	EC no.	No
	1	propan-2-ol	67-63-0	200-661-7	75
-					

**Directive 2012/18/EU** on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances This product is not subject to Part 1 or 2 of Annex I.

## Other regulations

Adhere to the national sanitary and occupational safety regulations when using this product.

# 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out for this mixture.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

# Sources of key data used to compile the data sheet:

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH), 1272/2008 (CLP) as amended in each case. Directives 2000/39/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, (EU) 2017/164.

# EU safety data sheet

Trade name: Nitrocellulose with isopropanol / category 3

Current version : 4.1.0, issued: 06.04.2022

Replaced version: 4.0.0, issued: 08.10.2021

Region: GB

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National Threshold Limit Values of the corresponding countries as amended in each case. Transport regulations according to ADR, RID, IMDG, IATA as amended in each case. The data sources used to determine physical, toxic and ecotoxic data, are indicated directly in the corresponding section.

Full text of the H- and EUH- phrases drawn up in sections 2 and 3 (provided not already drawn up in these sections)

H201	Explosive; mass explosion hazard.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Notes relating to the identification, classification and labelling of substances and mixtures ((EC) No 1272/2008, Annex VI)

Т

This substance may be marketed in a form which does not have the physical hazards as indicated by the classification in the entry in Part 3. If the results of the relevant method or methods in accordance with Part 2 of Annex I of this Regulation show that the specific form of substance marketed does not exhibit this physical property or these physical hazards, the substance shall be classified in accordance with the result or results of this test or these tests. Relevant information, including reference to the relevant test method(s) shall be included in the safety data sheet.

#### Creation of the safety data sheet

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This information is based on our present knowledge and experience.

The safety data sheet describes products with a view to safety requirements.

It does not however, constitute a guarantee for any specific product properties and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

Alterations/supplements:

Alterations to the previous edition are marked in the left-hand margin.

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